# EXHIBIT A

AO 88B (Rev. 12/13) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Delaware

Place:  The f Rule 45(d), re respond to thi Date: 11/		OR /s/ Chad S.C. Stover Clerk Attorney's signature				
Place:  The f Rule 45(d), re respond to thi	elating to your protection as a person subject s subpoena and the potential consequences of 04/2021  CLERK OF COURT	e attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliant to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your different forms of not doing so.  OR  /s/ Chad S.C. Stover				
Place:  The f Rule 45(d), re respond to thi	elating to your protection as a person subject s subpoena and the potential consequences of 04/2021  CLERK OF COURT	e attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliant to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your different forms of not doing so.  OR  /s/ Chad S.C. Stover				
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Place:  The f Rule 45(d), re respond to thi	elating to your protection as a person subject s subpoena and the potential consequences of	e attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliant to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your d				
Place: The f Rule 45(d), re	elating to your protection as a person subject	e attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliant to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your d				
		Date and Time:				
		Date and Time:				
may inspect.	measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample	the property or any designated object or operation on it.				
		<b>ED</b> to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, of date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting				
	tle, WA 98122	11/18/2021 10:00 am				
Place: Prisc	illa Braswell MLK Jr. Way	Date and Time:				
documents, el material: See	ectronically stored information, or objects, a	uce at the time, date, and place set forth below the followand to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of				
		whom this subpoena is directed)				
To:		Corp., c/o Registered Agent Solutions, Inc. Suite 101, Tumwater, WA 98501				
		MENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION				
	Defendant	)				
	LLC, MICHAEL T. MCNAMARA, and RAYMOND E. CLINE, JR.,	)				
LANCIUM		) Civil Action No. 21-534-MN				
LANCIUM	Plaintiff V.	) Civil Action No. 21-534-MN				

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

A notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

AO 88B (Rev. 12/13) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 21-534-MN

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

(date)	bpoena for (name of individual and title, if a		
☐ I served the s	ubpoena by delivering a copy to the nat	med person as follows:	
		on (date) ;	or
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the w		States, or one of its officers or agents, I e, and the mileage allowed by law, in the	
fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under p	enalty of perjury that this information	is true.	
e:		Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

AO 88B (Rev. 12/13) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action(Page 3)

#### Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

#### (c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- **(B)** within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
  - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

#### (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
  - **(B)** inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

#### (d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

#### (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

#### (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
  - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

#### (e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) *Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.* These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

#### (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- **(B)** Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

#### (g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

#### **SCHEDULE A**

#### **DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. You are to provide full and complete responses to the following requests, after conducting a diligent and thorough investigation into all information within Your possession, custody, or control. If You cannot provide a full and complete response to any request, You should respond to the request to the extent possible, specifying the portion of the request You are unable to answer, providing any Documents, Communications, and Things that You have regarding the answered portion, and stating with specificity the basis for any assertion(s) that some part of the request for production is unanswerable.
  - 2. All requests for production must be answered separately and in full.
- 3. If You come into possession, custody, or control of additional responsive information between the time of Your initial response and the time of trial, or if Your responses to any of these requests for production change at any time based on information that You become aware of after serving Your initial response, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(e), Defendants request that You promptly serve a supplemental identification of Documents reflecting such changes, even if such responses were correct when first provided.
- 4. For purposes of these requests for production, terms not specifically defined should be given their ordinary meaning. If You do not understand the meaning of any term, You are requested to immediately seek clarification from Defendants' counsel.
- 5. The term "Document" has the broadest meaning accorded that term by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34(a) and includes, but is not limited to, all of the items defined in Federal Rule of Evidence 1001, non-identical copies and preliminary and final drafts of any such item,

electronically stored information, and all tangible embodiments, manifestations, or evidence of a communication, as defined below.

- 6. If a document is in a language other than English and an English translation exists, provide both Documents.
- 7. Any response made by reference to Documents shall identify each responsive document by Bates number.
- 8. The term "Thing" has the meaning set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34 and includes any kind of sample, model, article, device, apparatus, equipment, specimen, or any other physical or tangible item, other than a Document.
- 9. The term "Communication" means and includes any and all forms of information transmission, exchange, or storage, including, but not limited to, written, oral, electronic, telephonic, video graphic, or other inquiries, dialogues, discussions, conversations, interviews, correspondence, consultations, negotiations, agreements, understandings, meetings, notes, telegrams, advertisements, computer mail and email, and all other Documents and Things evidencing any verbal or nonverbal interaction between persons and entities.
- 10. The terms "person" and "party" shall include both (1) natural persons and (2) any business, legal, or governmental entity or organization, including but not limited to You. The terms "other person" and "third party" mean any person or party other than You.
- 11. The term "BearBox" means Plaintiff BearBox, LLC, and all predecessors and/or successors thereto; all parents, divisions or subsidiaries thereof, whether wholly or partially owned; and all partners, directors, owners, officers, members, employees, agents, representatives, and any other persons under the control of BearBox, LLC, including but not limited to Austin Storms and its counsel.

- 12. The term "Alleged BearBox Technology" refers to cryptocurrency mining systems and/or other systems that relate to (i) utilizing available energy resources to increase the stability of the energy grid, (ii) minimizing the mining operation's impact on peak energy demand, and/or (iii) alleviating energy oversupply conditions.
  - 13. "Michael McNamara" means Defendant Michael T. McNamara.
  - 14. "Raymond Cline" means Defendant Raymond E. Cline, Jr.
- 15. The term "Defendants' Patents" means all patents owned by Lancium LLC, including, but not limited to: U.S. Patent No. 10,608,433 (filed Dec. 4, 2019) "Methods and Systems for Adjusting Power Consumption Based on a Fixed-Duration Power Option Agreement"; U.S. Patent No. 10,873,211 (filed Sept. 13. 2018) "Systems and Methods for Dynamic Power Routing with Behind-the-Meter EnergyStorage"; U.S. Patent No. 10,444,818 (filed Oct. 30, 2018) "Methods and Systems for Distributed Power Control of Flexible Datacenters"; U.S. Patent No. 10,367,353 (filed Oct. 30, 2018) "Managing Queue Distribution between Critical Datacenter and Flexible Datacenter"; U.S. Patent No. 10,452,127 (filed Jan. 11, 2019) "Redundant Flexible Datacenter Workload Scheduling"; U.S. Patent No. 10,618,427 (filed Oct. 8, 2019) "Behind-the-Meter Branch Loads for Electrical Vehicle Charging"; and U.S. Patent No. 10,857,899 (filed Mar. 4, 2020) "Behind-the-Meter Branch Loads for Electrical Vehicle Charging."
- 16. "Great American Mining" means Great American Mining LLC, a Delaware corporation with its principal business address at 18 Shipyard Dr., Ste. 2A, Hingham, MA 02043, and all predecessors and/or successors thereto; all parents, divisions or subsidiaries thereof, whether wholly or partially owned; and all partners, directors, owners, officers, members, employees, agents, representatives, and other persons under the control of, or controlling, Great

American Mining, including but not limited to Todd Garland, Tom Masiero, Isaac Fithian, Rete Browning, Marcus Dent (aka Marty Bent), Austin Storms, and Henry Nelson.

- 17. The terms "You," "Your," and "Fortress" mean Fortress Blockchain (US) Holdings Corp. and any and all predecessors and/or successors thereto and all parents, divisions or subsidiaries thereof, whether wholly or partially owned, including Fortress Technologies Inc., Fortress Blockchain Corp., Fortress Blockchain Corp. (BC), Fortress Capital II Corp., and Fortress Blockchain Holdings Corp.; and all partners, directors, owners, officers, members, employees, agents, representatives, and other persons under the control of, or controlling Fortress Blockchain (US) Holdings Corp., including Antonin Scalia, Thomas Armstrong, Sean Ty, Roy Sebag, Marcus Dent (aka Marty Bent), and David Jaques.
- 18. The terms "Defendants" and "Lancium" means Lancium LLC and all predecessors and/or successors thereto; all parents, divisions or subsidiaries thereof, whether wholly or partially owned; and all partners, directors, owners, officers, members, employees, agents, representatives, and other persons under the control of Lancium, and specifically includes individual defendants Michael McNamara and Raymond Cline.
- 19. The term "entity" means any person or any organization or association of any type, including business, legal, and governmental organizations or associations.
- 20. The terms "concerning," "regarding," and "relating to" shall be construed their most inclusive sense to mean comprising, containing, mentioning, constituting, reflecting, discussing, describing, showing, evidencing, embodying, describing, supporting, contradicting, refuting, identifying, summarizing, reporting, pertaining to, referring to, or in any way logically or factually connected with the stated matter.

- 21. Unless the context requires otherwise, use in these document requests of the singular shall include the plural and vice versa.
- When asked to "identify" or specify the "identity" of a natural person, specify: his or her full name; his or her last known home and business addresses and respective phone numbers; his or her current employer and business address, or if not known, last known employer and address; his or her current job or position title, and duties or responsibilities, or if not known, last known job or position title, and duties or responsibilities; his or her relationship with You, and, if applicable, his or her connection to the subject matter of the discovery request.
- 23. When asked to "identify" or specify the "identity" of an entity or organization, specify: its full name; its type (corporation, partnership, etc.); its place of incorporation (where appropriate); its principal place of business; and the identity of all individuals employed by or acting for it at any time who have knowledge of the matter with respect to which the individual is identified.
- 24. When asked to "identify" or specify the "identity" of a Document or Thing, specify: the type of Document or Thing (memoranda, pamphlet, report, publication, etc.); a detailed description of its subject matter and contents; its date; its author(s), addressee(s), recipient(s), litigation document control number(s); and its current location and custodian.
- 25. "Date" means the exact day, month, and year if ascertainable, or if not, Your best approximation thereof.
- 26. If You object to any document request on the basis of alleged attorney-client privilege, work product immunity, or otherwise, Defendants request that You provide (on a mutually acceptable date) an appropriate schedule containing at least the following information for each Document, Communication, or Thing that is responsive to a document request but

allegedly privileged or immune from discovery (referred to collectively as an "allegedly privileged item"):

- a. the date of the allegedly privileged item;
- b. the identity of all persons who prepared, authored, signed, and/or received the allegedly privileged item, or who learned of its substance or contents (including an identification of any connection those persons have to You);
- c. the general nature of the allegedly privileged item (i.e., whether it is a letter, report, email, handwritten note, chart, pamphlet, memorandum, etc.);
- d. the general subject matter of the allegedly privileged item;
- e. the addressee(s) or recipient(s) of the allegedly privileged item;
- f. an explanation of the basis for the privilege claim or other rule of law relied upon to withhold the allegedly privileged item.
- 27. You shall search for Documents within Your possession, custody, or control, wherever located, including but not limited to any Documents or Things placed in storage facilities or in the possession of any employee, agent, representative, attorney, investigator, or other person acting or purporting to act on Your behalf, whether located at their residence or place(s) of business, in order to respond fully to these requests.
- 28. The Documents or Things requested shall be produced as they are kept in the usual course of business, or they shall be organized and labeled to correspond with the document requests to which they are responsive. If there are no Documents or Things responsive to any particular request, You should so state in writing rather than leave the request unanswered.
- 29. You shall produce not only the original or an exact copy of the original of Documents responsive to any of the following numbered requests, but also all copies of such

Documents and Things that bear any notes or markings not found on the originals, as well as all preliminary, intermediate, final, and revised drafts or embodiments of such Documents and Things.

- 30. If You are aware of any Document or Thing requested to be produced that was disposed of by You and is thus no longer within Your possession, custody, or control (including, for example, because it was lost, discarded, destroyed, given to someone outside of Your control, or for any other reason), You shall provide, with respect to each such Document or Thing:
  - a. a full identification of the Document or Thing, including its date, the identity of all persons who prepared, authored, signed, and/orreceived it, or who learned of its substance or contents (including an identification of any connection those persons have with You), and its general nature (e.g., letter, photograph, etc.);
  - b. a summary of its subject matter and contents;
  - c. the date and manner of its disposal, and the reason for its disposal;
  - d. the identity of any person who has possession, custody, or control of a partial or complete copy; and
  - e. the identity of all persons who participated in and/or authorized its disposal or who have knowledge of the dates and circumstances surrounding its disposal.
- 31. You shall supplement Your production if You come into possession, custody, or control of responsive Documents or Things between the time of initial production and the time of trial, by promptly producing such Documents or Things to Defendants.

#### **DOCUMENTS, COMMUNICATIONS, and THINGS REQUESTED**

- 1. All Documents, Communications, and Things relating to Austin Storms, BearBox, the Alleged BearBox Technology, the Alleged BearBox Technology developed by Austin Storms, the Alleged BearBox Technology used for the benefit of Fortress, or the Alleged BearBox Technology provided by Great American Mining.
- 2. All Documents related to any due diligence on Austin Storms, BearBox, or the Alleged BearBox Technology.
- 3. A copy of any contract or agreement where Austin Storms, BearBox, or Great American Mining is a party.
- 4. A copy of all marketing materials, proposals, pitch materials, or the like, including drafts and all versions, involving Great American Mining, Austin Storms, or BearBox.
- 5. A copy of all marketing materials, proposals, pitch materials, or the like, including drafts and all versions, submitted in competition to or for purposes of comparison to materials submitted by Great American Mining, Austin Storms, or BearBox.
- 6. Documents sufficient to show the amount of money, stock, or other consideration, if any, paid by Fortress and/or Galaxy Digital to Great American Mining, Austin Storms, or BearBox.
- 7. Documents sufficient to show the physical locations in which any Alleged BearBox Technology is employed by or for the benefit of Fortress, including in Grant County, Washington, Mountrail County, North Dakota, or the state of Oklahoma.
- 8. All Documents, Communications, and Things relating to Austin Storms' employment (or consultation) with Fortress, including, but not limited to, Austin Storms' employment (and/or consulting) agreement(s), any other agreements with Austin Storms.

- 9. Documents sufficient to show the projects that Austin Storms has worked on with Fortress or Galaxy Digital.
- 10. To the extent not covered by the other requests in this set, all Documents, Communications, and Things, transmitted, sent, shared, exchanged, or otherwise provided between Fortress, on the one hand, and Great American Mining or Austin Storms (and/or BearBox), on the other hand, relating to developing or using energy-efficient cryptocurrency mining systems and methods that purport to reduce the environmental impact of mining operations, including, but not limited to, using available energy resources to increase the stability of the energy grid, minimizing a mining operation's impact on peak demand, and alleviating energy oversupply conditions, and/or relating to one or more of power purchase agreements, power option agreements, real-time pricing for cryptocurrency mining and power, the Grant County Public Utility District, the Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT), the Midcontinent Independent System Operation (MISO), the Southwest Power Pool (SPP), hashing rates, day-ahead energy markets, Load as a Resource (LaaR), Load as a Service (LaaS), Controllable Load Resource (CLR), Qualified Scheduling Entities (QSEs), fine-grain load control, behind-the-meter power agreements, and/or software and/or hardware relating to same.
- 11. All Documents, Communications, and Things concerning Lancium, Michael McNamara, and/or Raymond Cline.
- 12. All internal Documents, Communications, and Things relating to Austin Storms, BearBox, and/or the Alleged BearBox Technology, including any and all evaluations, analyses, and/or testing of such technology, whether by Fortress itself or provided to Fortress by a third party.

- 13. All Documents, Communications, and Things relating to Fortress and the cryptocurrency mining space, including the use of power generated from wind generation sites, and/or the use of power generated from natural gas flaring.
- 14. All Documents, Communications, and Things relating to Great American Mining, Austin Storms, or BearBox and ancillary services in power generation.
- 15. All Documents, Communication, and Things evidencing when Fortress became aware of one or more of Defendants' Patents, any actions taken by Fortress upon learning of the same, the circumstances surrounding Fortress's learning of the same, and any analysis or evaluation of Defendants' Patents or their subject matter by or on behalf of Fortress, including, but not limited to, by BearBox or Austin Storms.
- 16. All Documents, Communications, and Things relating to Austin Storms/BearBox's lawsuit against Defendants, which is Case No. 1:21-cv-00534-MN filed in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware.
- 17. All social media posts or content authored by anyone affiliated with Fortress, Galaxy Digital, Great American Mining, Storms, or BearBox concerning developing or using energy-efficient cryptocurrency mining systems and methods that purport to reduce the environmental impact of mining operations

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

BEARBOX LLC and AUSTIN STORMS,	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
v. LANCIUM LLC, MICHAEL T. MCNAMARA, and RAYMOND E. CLINE, JR.,	) ) ) C.A. No. 21-534-M	N
Defendants.	)	

#### **PROTECTIVE ORDER**

Based on the agreement of the parties, and for good cause shown and pursuant to Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED as follows:

- 1. Scope. All materials produced or adduced in the course of discovery, including initial disclosures, responses to discovery requests, deposition testimony and exhibits, and information derived directly therefrom (hereinafter collectively "documents"), shall be subject to this Order concerning Confidential Information as defined below. This Order is subject to the Local Rules of this District and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on matters of procedure and calculation of time periods.
- 2. Confidential Information. As used in this Order, "Confidential Information" means information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" by the producing party that it reasonably and in good faith believes contains or discloses confidential information that is non-public and that the producing party would not ordinarily disclose to third parties, or if disclosed, would require such parties to maintain in confidence. Information or documents that are available to the public may not be designated as Confidential.

#### 3. Designation.

- A party may designate a document as Confidential Information for (a) protection under this Order by placing or affixing the words "CONFIDENTIAL" on the document and on all copies in a manner that will not interfere with the legibility of the document. As used in this Order, "copies" includes electronic images, duplicates, extracts, summaries or descriptions that contain the Confidential Information. The marking "CONFIDENTIAL" shall be applied prior to or at the time the documents are produced or disclosed. Applying the marking "CONFIDENTIAL" to a document does not mean that the document has any status or protection by statute or otherwise except to the extent and for the purposes of this Order. Any copies that are made of any documents marked "CONFIDENTIAL" shall also be so marked, except that indices, electronic databases or lists of documents that do not contain substantial portions or images of the text of marked documents and do not otherwise disclose the substance of the Confidential Information are not required to be marked. To the extent that a document is produced in native format and is not capable of being marked with "CONFIDENTIAL," the party producing such material may inform the opposing party or parties that such information constitutes confidential information through a cover page to immediately precede the document or by other means mutually agreed to by the parties.
- (b) The designation of a document as Confidential Information is a certification by an attorney and/or producing party that the document contains Confidential Information as defined in this Order.
- 4. Attorney's Eyes Only. Documents and things produced by a party and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" pursuant to Paragraph 3 above and information contained therein which the producing party deems to be proprietary information and/or trade secrets and/or to comprise,

contain or disclose: technical information, including source code for computer programs; financial information concerning the producing party or its divisions, subsidiaries or product lines; prices; costs; profits or profit margins; lists of or including customers or potential customers' identities; business or product plans or strategies; technical information concerning products, market evaluations; lists of or including vendors' or suppliers' identities; product comparisons or evaluations; or other information of a highly proprietary, confidential nature may be further designated by the producing party as "ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY" information by marking the initial page of the document if all pages contain such information, or by marking specific pages thereof, with the legend "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY" in accordance with the procedure set forth in Paragraph 3 above.

- 5. To the extent CONFIDENTIAL or CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY information includes computer source code, source code-related specifications, and/or live data (that is, data as it exists residing in a database or databases), the producing party may designate such information as "RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE CODE." Access to such material will be by agreement of the parties, or, if the parties cannot agree, in accordance with the District of Delaware's DEFAULT STANDARD FOR ACCESS TO SOURCE CODE.
- 6. Depositions. Deposition testimony taken in this action shall be automatically treated as CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY information (as a default) for a period of fifteen (15) days after receipt of the final transcript (i.e., the non-rough version, but before being signed/proofed by the witness, if applicable) of the deposition from the court reporter. After the fifteen (15) day period, only such deposition testimony as was affirmatively designated on the record at the deposition or subsequently is specifically designated in writing by a party or non-party as CONFIDENTIAL or CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY shall be treated

as such. For any deposition transcript in which any portion of the testimony has been designated as under this Order, the court reporter shall imprint the specific designation on each page of the original deposition transcript. In addition, each person authorized to receive a copy of a deposition transcript containing testimony designated as under this Order, shall imprint the specific designation on each page of all copies of the transcript so designated.

- 7. Protection of Confidential Material.
- (a) General Protections. Confidential Information shall not be used or disclosed by the parties, counsel for the parties or any other persons identified in subparagraph (b) for any purpose whatsoever other than in this litigation, including any appeal thereof.
- (b) Limited Third-Party Disclosures. The parties and counsel for the parties shall not disclose or permit the disclosure of any Confidential Information of an opposing party to any third person or entity except as set forth in subparagraphs (i)-(ix). Subject to these requirements, the following categories of persons may be allowed to review Confidential Information:
  - (i) Counsel. Any attorney at a law firm of counsel of record, and any employees of any such law firm such as law clerks, paralegals, secretaries, and clerical staff assisting counsel with this litigation. Outside counsel from firms of record who are not of record in the action shall, prior to accessing "CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information of an opposing party, complete the certification contained in Attachment A, Acknowledgment of Understanding and Agreement to Be Bound, and send the completed Acknowledgment to counsel for the other side, by email.
  - (ii) Parties. Individual parties and employees of a party, but only to the extent counsel determines in good faith that the employee's assistance is reasonably

necessary to the conduct of the litigation in which the information is disclosed. For any document designated "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY," a party (including but not limited to in-house counsel) may only review such document to the extent the opposing party has agreed to such review or the party was a clear author, sender or recipient of the document.

- (iii) The Court and its personnel.
- (iv) Court Reporters and Recorders. Court reporters and recorders engaged for depositions.
- (v) Contractors. Those persons specifically engaged for the limited purpose of making copies of documents or organizing or processing documents, including outside vendors hired to process electronically stored documents.
- (vi) Consultants and Experts. Consultants, investigators or experts consulted, retained or used by the parties or counsel for the parties to assist in the preparation and trial of this action, but only after such persons have completed the certification contained in Attachment A, Acknowledgment of Understanding and Agreement to Be Bound.
- (vii) Witnesses. During their depositions or other testimony, witnesses in this action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary. For any document designated "CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY," a witness may only review such document to the extent the opposing party has agreed to such review or the party was a clear author, sender or recipient of the document. Witnesses shall not retain a copy of documents containing Confidential Information, except witnesses may receive a copy of all exhibits marked at their depositions in connection with review of the transcripts. Pages

of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that are designated as Confidential Information pursuant to the process set out in this Order must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Order.

- (viii) Author or recipient. The author or recipient of the document (not including a person who only received the document in the course of litigation).
- (ix) Others by Consent. Other persons only by written consent of the producing party or upon order of the Court and on such conditions as may be agreed or ordered.
- (c) Control of Documents. Counsel for the parties shall make reasonable efforts to prevent unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of Confidential Information. Counsel shall maintain the originals of the forms signed by persons acknowledging their obligations under this Order for a period of three (3) years after the termination of the case.
- (d) Opposing counsel shall be notified at least 10 business days prior to disclosure to any person pursuant to paragraph 7(b)(vi). Such notice shall provide a reasonable description of the outside independent person to whom disclosure is sought sufficient to permit objection to be made (including an executed copy of Attachment A and a curriculum vitae, which includes the consultant's or expert's name, current business affiliations and addresses, and any known present or former relationships between the consultant or expert and any of the parties). If a party objects in writing to such disclosure within 10 business days after receipt of notice, no disclosure shall be made until the party seeking disclosure obtains the prior approval of the Court or the objecting party.

- 8. Prosecution Bar. Absent written consent from the producing party, any individual who receives access to an opposing party's "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information shall not be involved in the prosecution of patents or patent applications relating to the subject matter claimed in U.S. Patent No. 10,608,433 ("the '433 Patent"), including without limitation any patent or application claiming priority to or otherwise related to the '433 Patent, before any foreign or domestic agency, including the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("the Patent Office"). For purposes of this paragraph, "prosecution" includes directly or indirectly drafting, amending, advising, or otherwise affecting the scope or maintenance of patent claims. To avoid any doubt, "prosecution" as used in this paragraph does not include representing a party either challenging or defending a patent before a domestic or foreign agency (including, but not limited to, a reissue protest, ex parte reexamination or inter partes reexamination), but this provision would preclude such individual from advising directly or indirectly on any amendments to the claims of the patent being challenged in such proceedings. This Prosecution Bar shall begin when access to the opposing party's "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information is first received by the affected individual and shall end two (2) years after final termination of this action.
- 9. Inadvertent Failure to Designate. An inadvertent failure to designate a document as Confidential Information does not, standing alone, waive the right to so designate the document. If a party designates a document as Confidential Information after it was initially produced, the receiving party, on notification of the designation, must make a reasonable effort to assure that the document is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order. No party shall be found to have violated this Order for failing to maintain the confidentiality of material during a time when that material has not been designated Confidential Information, even where the failure to so

designate was inadvertent and where the material is subsequently designated Confidential Information.

- 10. Filing of Confidential Information. This Order does not, by itself, authorize the filing of any document under seal. Any party wishing to file a document designated as Confidential Information in connection with a motion, brief or other submission to the Court must comply with LR 26.2.
- 11. No Greater Protection of Specific Documents. Except on privilege grounds not addressed by this Order, no party may withhold information from discovery on the ground that it requires protection greater than that afforded by this Order unless the party moves for an order providing such special protection.
- 12. Challenges by a Party to Designation as Confidential Information. The designation of any material or document as Confidential Information is subject to challenge by any party. The following procedure shall apply to any such challenge:
- (a) Meet and Confer. A party challenging the designation of Confidential Information must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly with counsel for the designating party. In conferring, the challenging party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the designating party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the designation, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the designation. The designating party must respond to the challenge within five (5) business days of the meet and confer.
- (b) Judicial Intervention. A party that elects to challenge a confidentiality designation may file and serve a motion that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent

declaration that affirms that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements of this procedure. The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the designating party. Until the Court rules on the challenge, the designation will remain in full force and effect, and all parties shall continue to treat the materials as Confidential Information under the terms of this Order.

- 13. Action by the Court. Applications to the Court for an order relating to materials or documents designated Confidential Information shall be by motion. Nothing in this Order or any action or agreement of a party under this Order limits the Court's power to make orders concerning the disclosure of documents produced in discovery or at trial.
- 14. Use of Confidential Documents or Information at Trial. Nothing in this Order shall be construed to prohibit the use of any document, material or information at any trial or hearing. A party that intends to present, or that anticipates that another party may present, Confidential Information at a hearing or trial shall bring that issue to the Court's and parties' attention by motion or in a pretrial memorandum without disclosing the Confidential Information. The Court may thereafter make such orders as are necessary to govern the use of such documents or information at a hearing or trial.
- 15. Other Proceedings. By entering this Order and limiting the disclosure of information in this case, the Court does not intend to preclude another court from finding that information may be relevant and subject to disclosure in another case. Any person or party subject to this Order who becomes subject to a motion to disclose another party's information designated "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE CODE" pursuant to this Order shall promptly notify that party of the

motion so that the party may have an opportunity to appear and be heard on whether that information should be disclosed.

- 16. Confidential Information Subpoenaed or Ordered Produced in Other Litigation.
- (a) If a receiving party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any material or document designated in this action as Confidential Information, the receiving party must so notify the designating party, in writing, immediately and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.
- (b) The receiving party also must immediately inform in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Order. In addition, the receiving party must deliver a copy of this Order promptly to the party in the other action that caused the subpoena to issue.
- (c) The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested persons to the existence of this Order and to afford the designating party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its Confidential Information in the court from which the subpoena or order is issued. The designating party shall bear the burden and the expense of seeking protection in that court of its Confidential Information, and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a receiving party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court. The obligations set forth in this paragraph remain in effect while the party has in its possession, custody or control Confidential Information by the other party to this case.
  - 17. Obligations on Conclusion of Litigation.
- (a) Order Continues in Force. Unless otherwise agreed or ordered, this Order shall remain in force after dismissal or entry of final judgment not subject to further appeal.

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- (b) Obligations at Conclusion of Litigation. Within forty-five (45) days after dismissal or entry of final judgment not subject to further appeal, all Confidential Information and documents marked "CONFIDENTIAL" under this Order, including copies as defined in Paragraph 3(a), shall be returned to the producing party unless: (1) the document has been offered into evidence or filed without restriction as to disclosure; or (2) the receiving party destroys the producing party's Confidential Information and certifies in writing to the producing party that it has done so.
- (c) Retention of Work Product and one set of Filed Documents. Notwithstanding the above requirements to return or destroy documents, counsel may retain (1) attorney work product, including an index that refers or relates to designated Confidential Information so long as that work product does not duplicate verbatim substantial portions of Confidential Information, and (2) one complete set of all documents filed with the Court including those filed under seal. Any retained Confidential Information shall continue to be protected under this Order. An attorney may use his or her work product in subsequent litigation, provided that its use does not disclose or use Confidential Information.
- (d) Deletion of Documents filed under Seal from Electronic Case Filing (ECF)

  System. Filings under seal shall be deleted from the ECF system only upon order of the Court.
- 18. Order Subject to Modification. This Order shall be subject to modification by the Court on its own initiative or on motion of a party or any other person with standing concerning the subject matter.
- 19. No Prior Judicial Determination. This Order is entered based on the representations and agreements of the parties and for the purpose of facilitating discovery. Nothing herein shall be construed or presented as a judicial determination that any document or material designated

Confidential Information by counsel or the parties is entitled to protection under Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or otherwise until such time as the Court may rule on a specific document or issue.

- 20. Production by Non-parties. The existence of this Order shall be disclosed to any non-party producing documents or information in this litigation who may reasonably be expected to desire confidential treatment of such information, including any non-party subpoenaed in connection with this litigation. Such non-parties may avail themselves of the protections of this Order through Attachment A ("Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"). If a party chooses to produce documents without signing Attachment A, the documents produced will not be subject to this Agreement.
- 21. Persons Bound. This Order shall take effect when entered and shall be binding upon all counsel of record and their law firms, the parties and persons made subject to this Order by its terms.
- 22. Pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the disclosure of documents or materials subject to the attorney-client privilege, work-product immunity, or any other applicable privilege or immunity shall not constitute a waiver, in whole or in part, of the privilege or immunity in this, or any other federal, state, or administrative, litigation or proceeding, either as to the specific information disclosed or as to any other information relating thereto or to the same or related subject matter. This protection against waiver of privilege or immunity applies at all times (i.e., it applies whether disclosure occurs before, during, or after productions are made in discovery). If information is produced in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege, work-product immunity, or any other applicable privilege or immunity, the party making the claim shall notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it within five (5) business

days of its discovery, and, within five (5) business days of receipt of such notice, the notified party

or parties (regardless of any disagreement regarding the proper designation of the document) shall

return, delete, or destroy the document forthwith, as well as any and all copies and shall certify to

that effect; except that if a party intends to challenge an assertion of privilege or immunity, it shall

promptly notify the party asserting privilege or immunity and thereafter may retain one copy of

each document that is subject to the challenged claim of privilege or immunity for the sole purpose

of pursuing the challenge. Challenges to the designation of information as privileged, attorney

work product, or immune shall be made in the same manner as challenges to the designation of

Confidential Information set forth in paragraph 12 of this Order.

SO ORDERED,

Dated: September 10, 2021

Phristopher J. Burke The Honorable Christopher J. Burke

United States Magistrate Judge

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

BEARBOX LLC and AUSTIN STORMS,	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
v.	)	
LANCIUM LLC, MICHAEL T. MCNAMARA, and RAYMOND E. CLINE, JR.,	) ) )	C.A. No. 21-534-MN
Defendants.	)	

## ATTACHMENT A Acknowledgment of Understanding and Agreement to Be Bound

I,	, declare as follows:
1.	I am currently employed by or am a partner or owner of the following company or firm:
	at the following address:
	and my title is
2.	My current occupation is:
3.	I have received a copy of the Protective Order in this action. I have carefully read and understand the provisions of the Protective Order.
4.	I will comply with all of the provisions of the Protective Order. I will hold in confidence, will not disclose to anyone not qualified under the Protective Order, and will use only for

purposes of this action any information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL,"

"CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "RESTRICTED – CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE CODE" that is disclosed to me.

- 4. Promptly upon termination of this action, I will return all documents and things designated as "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE CODE" that came into my possession, and all documents and things that I have prepared relating thereto, to outside counsel of record.
- 5. I hereby submit to the jurisdiction of this Court for the purpose of enforcement of the Protective Order in this action.

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Signature:			
Date:			